



70

ŃNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5

PART III FACING PAGE OMB APPROVAL

OMB Number 3235-0123

Expires February 28, 2010 Estimated average burden

Hours per response 12.00

SEC FILE NUMBER

8 - 53507

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

	A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFIC	CATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			ICIAL USE ONL	
LANE CAPITAL MARKETS, L	LC		FIRM ID. NO.	
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLAC	E OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.			
2425 POST ROAD – Suite 205		,		
SOUTHPORT,	CONNECTICUT		06890-1267	
(City) NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMI	(State) BER OF PERSON TO CONTACT	IN REGARD TO	(Zip Code) THIS REPORT	
MICHAEL J. SCHUNK, CFO		(203) 209 - 1977		
		(Area Code – Tele	phone No.)	
	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFIC	CATION		
NDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUN	NTANT whose opinion is containe	ed in this Report*		
ERNER & SIPKIN, CPAs, LLP				
32 Nassau Street, Suite 1023	New York	NY	10038	
X Certified Public A	ccountant			
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONL	Υ		

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number

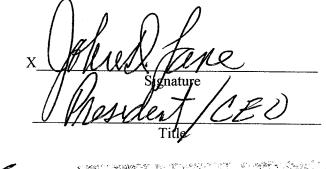
SEC 1410 (06-02)

13B, 4/1

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, JOHN D. LANE swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of LANE CAPITAL MARKETS, LLC, as of DECEMBER 31, 2009, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, member, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

NONE



Qualitied in Rings County Commission Eurires June 30, 20/C

AND CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF

X Notary Public

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (x) (a) Facing page.
- (x) (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (x) (c) Statement of Operations.
- (x) (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (x) (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (x) (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (x) (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- () (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- () (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control requirements under rule 15c3-3.
- () (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the reserve requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- () (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (x) (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- () (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- () (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (x) (o) Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Accounting Control.
- ** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

LANE CAPITAL MARKETS, LLC STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2009

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$368,658
Due from clearing brokers	17,304
Other assets	14,202
Equipment, furniture and Fixtures - net of accumulated	14,202
depreciation of \$36,723 (Note 2(d))	
Total assets	
Total assets	<u>\$400,164</u>
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S CAPITAL	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	06 720
Total liabilities	96,729
Tour natifices	96,729
Commitments and Contingencies (Notes 3 and 4)	
Capital (Note 5)	
(1.1000 D)	303,435
Total liabilities and capital	\$ 400 1 <i>6</i> 4
	<u>\$400,164</u>

LANE CAPITAL MARKETS, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009

Note 1- Nature of Business

Lane Capital Markets, LLC (The "Company"), a Limited Liability Company, is a broker/dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). The Company earns consulting and advisory fees, including compensation in the form of stock from providing investment banking services, and providing merger and acquisition, capital raising success based fees and financial advisory to companies.

The Company is exempt from the provisions of rule 15c3-3, under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, in that the Company's activities are limited to those set forth in the conditions for exemption appearing in paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of Rule 15c3-3.

Note 2- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a) Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue from placement fees upon completion of private placement offerings, merger and acquisition advisory fees upon the successful consummation of such transactions, and strategic and financial advisory retainers and consulting fees over the life of the underlying agreements, at the time work is performed and services are rendered.

Securities transactions (and the recognition of related income and expenses) are recorded on a trade date basis. Commission income and related expense are recorded on a settlement date basis. There is no material difference between settlement date and trade date.

b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers money market funds maintained with banks and brokers to be cash and cash equivalents. The Company maintains cash in bank accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits or where no insurance is provided. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

c) Income Taxes

Income taxes are not payable by, or provided for, the Company, since the Company is a Single Member Limited Liability Company.

d) Depreciation

Furniture and office equipment is carried at cost and is depreciated over a useful life of five to seven years using the straight line method.

LANE CAPITAL MARKETS, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009

Note 2- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

e) Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses.

f) Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated events and transactions that occurred between December 31, 2009 and March 19, 2009, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, for possible disclosure and recognition in the financial statements.

Note 3- Commitments and Contingencies

The Company rents office space pursuant to a lease agreement expiring January 31, 2011. The Company entered into a sub-lease agreement with a company owned by a former member. The term of the sub-lease agreement is from April 1, 2008 through January 31, 2011. The former tenant pays the rent directly to the owner, at the same rate as the Company's lease agreement. Should the subtenant fail to pay the rent, the Company will be held responsible. The Company's minimum rental commitments over the next five years are as follows:

2010 49,910 2011 4,159

The Company rents two offices on a month to month basis, with the rent expense at \$4,761 per month.

Note 4 - Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Credit Risk

As a securities broker, the Company is engaged in buying and selling securities for a diverse group of institutional and individual investors. The Company introduces these transactions for clearance to another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis.

The Company's exposure to credit risk associated with non-performance of customers in fulfilling their contractual obligations pursuant to securities transactions can be directly impacted by volatile trading markets which may impair the customer' ability to satisfy their obligations to the Company and the Company's ability to liquidate the collateral at an amount equal to the original contracted amount.

LANE CAPITAL MARKETS, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009

Note 4 - Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Credit Risk(continued)

The agreement between the Company and its clearing broker provides that the Company is obligated to assume any exposure related to such non-performance by its customers. The Company seeks to control the aforementioned risks by requiring customers to maintain margin collateral in compliance with various regulatory requirements and the clearing broker's internal guidelines. The Company monitors its customer activity by reviewing information it receives from its clearing broker on a daily basis, and requiring customers to deposit additional collateral, or reduce positions, when necessary.

Note 5- Net Capital Requirement

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 1500%. At December 31, 2009, the Company's net capital of \$289,233 was \$189,233 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000. The Company's net capital ratio was 33.44%.

A copy of the Company's Statement of Financial Condition as of December 31, 2009, pursuant to SEC Rule 17a-5 is available for examination at the Company's office and at the regional office of the Securities and Exchange Commission.



132 Nassau Street, New York, NY 10038 Tel 212.571.0064 / Fax 212.571.0074 E-mail: LS@lernersipkin.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Member of Lane Capital Markets, LLC 2425 Post Road – Suite 205 Southport, CT 06890-1267

Gentlemen:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Lane Capital Markets, LLC, as of December 31, 2009. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the statement of financial condition based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Lane Capital Markets, LLC as of December 31, 2009, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

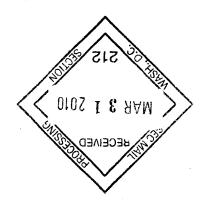
Lerner & Sipkin, CPAs, LLP

Certified Public Accountants (NY)

New York, NY March 19, 2010

LANE CAPITAL MARKETS, LLC STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2009



LANE CAPITAL MARKETS, LLC INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009



132 Nassau Street, New York, NY 10038 Tel 212.571.0064 / Fax 212.571.0074 E-mail: LS@lernersipkin.com

To the Member of Lane Capital Markets, LLC 2425 Post Road – Suite 205 Southport, CT 06890-1267

Gentlemen:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Lane Capital Markets, LLC as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered its internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion of the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5 (g) (1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5 (g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3 (a) (11); and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Commission's above mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

Further, that no material differences existed between our computations of your net capital, or determination of the reserve requirements, and your corresponding FOCUS Report Part IIA filing, except as noted in Schedule 1.

This report recognizes that it is not practicable in an organization the size of Lane Capital Markets, LLC to achieve all the divisions of duties and cross checks generally included in a system of internal accounting control and that alternatively greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, FINRA and other regulatory agencies, that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Lerner & Sipkin, CPAs, LLP

Certified Public Accountants (NY)

New York, NY March 19, 2010

LANE CAPITAL MARKETS, LLC

Schedule of the Determination of SIPC Net Operating Revenues and General Assessment

For the Period April 1, 2009 through December 31, 2009



132 Nassau Street, New York, NY 10038 Tel 212.571.0064 / Fax 212.571.0074 E-mail: LS@lernersipkin.com

To the Member of Lane Capital Markets, LLC 2425 Post Road – Suite 205 Southport, CT 06890-1267

Gentlemen:

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") for the year ended December 31, 2009, which were agreed to by Lane Capital Markets, LLC ("Company") and the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA") and SIPC., solely to assist you in evaluating the Company's compliance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4). The Company's management is responsible for the Company's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed are as follows:

- 1- Compared the listed assessment payments with respective cash disbursement records entries, noting no exceptions;
- 2- Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2009, with the amounts reported in the Transitional Association of the State of t
- 31, 2009, with the amounts reported in the Transitional Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7T) for the year ended December 31, 2009, noting no exceptions;
- 3- Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7T with supporting schedules and working papers, noting no exceptions;
- 4- Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7T and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments, noting no exceptions; and
- 5- Compared the amount of any overpayment applied with the Form SIPC-7T on which it was computed, noting no exceptions.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Lerner & Sipkin, CPAs, LLP (NY)

March 19, 2010

LANE CAPITAL MARKETS, LLC

Schedule of the Determination of SIPC Net Operating Revenues and General Assessment Period April 1, 2009 through December 31, 2009

Determination of SIPC Net Operating Revenues:

Total Revenues (FOCUS line 12/ Part IIA line 9)	\$	674,831
Additions		-
Deductions		-
SIPC Net Operating Revenues	<u>\$</u>	674,831
Determination of General Assessment:		
SIPC Net Operating Revenues:	<u>\$</u>	674,831
General Assessment @ .0025		1,687
Assessment Remittance:		
Greater of General Assessment or \$150 Minimum	\$	1,687
Less: Payment made with Form SIPC-4 in January, February or March, 2009		150
Assessment Balance Due	<u>\$</u>	1,537
Reconciliation with the Company's Computation of SIPC Net Operating Revenues April 1, 2009 through December 31, 2009:	for th	ne Period
SIPC Net Operating Revenues as computed by the Company on Form SIPC-7T	\$	674,831
SIPC Net Operating Revenues as computed above		674,831
Difference	\$	•